

Flow measurement traceability for hydrogen in gas networks 1st Stakeholder Committee – 18th February 2025



H2FLOWTRACE – CONTEXT

- Objectives of the European Green Deal
 - -55% reduction in greenhouse gas emissions (compared with 1995) by 2030
 - End of the greenhouse gas emissions by 2050
- **Hydrogen** is a key resource for Europe's energy transition (*Hydrogen Roadmap Europe*)



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The use of hydrogen will increase significantly



FLOW METROLOGY BARRIERS & OBJECTIVES

- Current barriers
 - Today, building primary flow standards is prohibitively expensive
 - Lack of **traceable** calibration facilities to perform flow meter R&D and certification
 - Lack of accuracy data
 - End users (gas network and storage operators, energy companies) unable to select suitable flow meters for H₂ and HENG
- How to make accessible traceability to NMIs/DIs
 - Develop and validate **a new testing method and services** of flow calibration with H₂ and alternative fluids
- Help end-users with hydrogen transition
 - Create data sets for accuracy of domestic and industrial meters for H₂ and HENG
 - New **services** of calibrations for hydrogen applications (H₂ or alternative fluids)



H2FLOWTRACE CONSORTIUM

11 European countries are involved

8 National Metrology Institutes & Designated Institutes

2 Gas operators

1 R&D Institute

3 Calibration Laboratories

1 University

2 Gas Meters Manufacturers

SICK EMERSON



WP1 – TRACEABILITY FOR H₂ OR HENG, FOR SMALL INDUSTRIAL METERS, USING A SMALL SCALE TRANSFER SKID



OBJECTIVES & TASKS

- Metrological infrastructure for H₂ and HENG
 - 0.1 m3/h to 400 m3/h
 - 0.01 MPa(g) to 1.6 MPa(g)
 - Uncertainty < 0.2%
- Calibration of small sonic nozzles with hydrogen at up to 20 kg/h using CESAME "PVTt" primary standard, bootstrapping up to 720 kg/h
- Laboratory intercomparison of worldrenowned institutes





PRIMARY BENCH FOR CALIBRATION



PVTt bench - CESAME

SSTS with sonic nozzles

WP2 – METROLOGICAL INFRASTRUCTURE FOR H2 AND HENG IN LARGE FLOWS





OBJECTIVES & TASKS

- Metrological infrastructure for H2 and HENG
 - 200 m3/h to 10000 m3/h
 - 0.3 MPa(g) to 6.2 MPa(g)
 - Target uncertainty 0.2%
- Calibration of large transfer skid (LSTS) master meters
- Laboratory intercomparison of the main H₂ and HENG test loop facilities



H₂-Loop - RMA



- Natran (Ex-GRTgaz)
- DNV
- RMA
- Enagas (if possible regarding the timeline)

WP3 – TRACEABILITY TRANSFER SKIDS FOR H2 AND HENG



Institute



OBJECTIVES & TASKS

- Development of 2 transfer skids to deliver SI traceability
- Design, construction, uncertainty assessment
- Joint measurement service: **future exploitation** of the transfer skids



LSTS proposal design (temporary), with 2 master meters

OBJECTIVES & TASKS

- Providing statistically meaningful **data sets** for accuracy of domestic and industrial meters
- Alternative fluid calibrations for H₂ and HENG
- Largest test programme to date, with gas meters identified in stakeholder workshop:
 - ≥ 25 domestic gas meters
 - ≥15 industrial gas meters







LARGE CALIBRATION CAMPAIN



WP5/WP6 – OUTPUTS & IMPACT ; COORDINATION





OUTPUTS & IMPACT - GERG

- **Communicate** and **disseminate** H2FlowTrace results
 - Website, flyer, LinkedIn page (Follow us!)....
- Exploitation and uptake
 - Show how metrological barriers can be removed
 - Using WP4 data sets to determine when a calibration with any fluid is acceptable
 - Make informed selection of hydrogen flow meters, supported by metrology community and validated calibration facilities





PROJECT COORDINATION - CESAME

- Project management
 - Ensure the schedule is respected
 - Organise meetings with every partner
 - Ensure the objectives can be reached

Project reporting

- Periodic and final reports
- Project reviews



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THANK YOU

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EUROPEAN PARTNERSHIP



EURAM

The project 23IND05 H2FlowTrace has received funding from the European Partnership on Metrology, co-financed from the European Union's Horizon Europe Research and Innovation Programme and by the Participating States.



Hydrogen traceability with low uncertainty 1st Stakeholder committee – 18th February 2025



SUMMARY OF WP1

AIMS:

- Establish robust metrological infrastructure for small • industrial meters, focussing on pure hydrogen but also enabling traceability for HENG
- Flow range: (0.1 to 400) m3/h •
- Pressure range: (0.01 to 1.6) MPa •
- Uncertainty $\leq 0.2 \%$
- Traceability route for larger meters from WP2 and WP3



Primary standard

Small Scale Transfer Skid

Large Scale Transfer Skid

Accredited laboratories



SUMMARY OF WP1

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- Establish robust metrological infrastructure for small industrial meters, focussing on pure hydrogen but also enabling traceability for HENG
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- Traceability route for larger meters from WP2 and WP3 **HOW:**
- Design and calibrate set of small critical nozzles for Small-Scale Transfer Skid (SSTS) to be developed in WP3
- Develop and calibrate set of larger nozzles with traceability to SSTS
- Perform Inter-Laboratory Comparison (ILC) with existing test rigs using calibrated master meter



SUMMARY OF WP1

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- Perform Inter-Laboratory Comparison (ILC) with existing test rigs using calibrated master meter

WHY:

• Primary standard for large flow rates would be expensive



- Task 1.1: Traceability route for CFVN at low flow rates (20 kg/h per nozzle)
 - Design and manufacturing of small sonic nozzles Set A
 - Wet and dimensional calibration of CFVN from Set A
 - To be used in Small-Scale Transfer Skid (SSTS) from WP3



- Task 1.1: Traceability route for CFVN at low flow rates (20 kg/h per nozzle)
 - Design and manufacturing of small sonic nozzles Set A
 - Wet and dimensional calibration of CFVN from Set A
 - To be used in Small-Scale Transfer Skid (SSTS) from WP3
- Task 1.2: Traceability route for CFVN at medium flow rates (120 kg/h per nozzle)
 - Design and manufacturing of larger sonic nozzles Set B
 - Wet and dimensional calibration of CFVN from Set B
 - Use SSTS to calibrate nozzles from Set B
 - D1 (technical report)



- Task 1.1: Traceability route for CFVN at low flow rates (20 kg/h per nozzle)
 - Design and manufacturing of small sonic nozzles Set A
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- Task 1.2: Traceability route for CFVN at medium flow rates (120 kg/h per nozzle)
 - Design and manufacturing of larger sonic nozzles Set B
 - Wet and dimensional calibration of CFVN from Set B
 - Use SSTS to calibrate nozzles from Set B
 - D1 (technical report)
- Task 1.3: Laboratory comparison up to 2500 Nm3/h for hydrogen test rigs to assess their measurement uncertainty
 - Specs of transfer standard and delivery of transfer standard
 - Comparison protocol for pure hydrogen calibrations
 - Uncertainty budgets for test rigs
 - At least 2 test rigs to take part in comparison
 - Technical report and peer-reviewed paper
 - D2 (technical report)



RESULTS FROM WP1

- Building blocks of metrological infrastructure for H₂
- New traceability for H₂ and HENG using calibrated nozzles to be used in the SSTS for small industrial meters
- New traceability for H₂ and HENG using calibrated nozzles to be used in the LSTS
- Uncertainty assessment and exploitation of validated H₂ flow metering infrastructure



CURRENT STATUS

- Dimensioning of nozzles and holder \rightarrow concluded
- Nozzles have been ordered \rightarrow Available end of February
- Holder has been ordered \rightarrow Available end of March



CURRENT STATUS

- Dimensioning of nozzles and holder \rightarrow concluded
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NEXT (M6 TO M12)

- Dimensional calibration of all nozzles
- Measurement plan for wet calibration of nozzles
- Wet calibration of nozzles of SSTS
- Measurement plan to calibrate nozzles from the LSTS using the SSTS
- Comparison protocol for intercomparison between different labs up to 2500 Nm³/h



ORGANISATION

- Monthly coordination meetings for WP1
- Regular coordination meetings WP leaders
- Strong inter-dependency with WP3
 - Building SSTS
 - Obtaining transfer standard / master meter





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EUROPEAN PARTNERSHIP



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Month	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	5 N	17	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16	M17	M18	M19	M20	M21	M2	2 N	M23	M24	M25	M26	M27	M28	M29	M30	MB	31 I	M32	M33	M34	M35	M36	
Activities	sept.23	oct.23	00V.23		dec. 23	anv.24	évr.24	mars.24	2	avr. 24	nai.24	uin.24	uil.24	août.24	sept. 24	oct. 24	10v.24	déc.24	anv.25	évr.25	nars.25	avr.25	nai.25	uin.25	uil.25		30ût.25		35, 26		déc.25	anv.26	évr.26	nars.26	avr.26		nai.26		uil.26	août.26
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A1.1.2	Designi	ng nozzle	holder																																					
A1.1.3		Choose s	subcont	ractor																																				
A1.1.4				Manuf	acturi	ng CFVI	Ns + No	zzle ho	lder																															
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A1.1.6			Creatin	g protoc	ol																																			
A1.1.7	Creating	g results t	emplat	e for s &	m no	zzle cali	ibration	1																																
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WORK PACKAGE 2

- To establish a robust metrological infrastructure for pure hydrogen and hydrogen/natural gas blends in large industrial meters.
- flow rate: 200 m^3 /h to $10\ 000 \text{ m}^3$ /h
- Pressure range: 0.3 MPa(g) to 6.2 Mpa
- Uncertainty of 0.30 %



Primary standard

Small Scale Transfer Skid

Large Scale Transfer Skid

Accredited laboratories



WORK PACKAGE 2

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- flow rate: 200 m^3 /h to 10 000 m^3 /h
- Pressure range: 0.3 MPa(g) to 6.2 Mpa
- Uncertainty of 0.30 %

HOW:

- Facility with according capabilities (H2 & HENG) in Europe
- Calibration of large transfer skids (LSTS) master meters
- Intercomparison to ensure traceability to the Large-Scale Transfer Skid (LSTS)
- Uncertainty budgets of the facilities



WORK PACKAGE 2

- To establish a robust metrological infrastructure for pure hydrogen and hydrogen/natural gas blends in large industrial meters.
- flow rate: 200 m³ /h to 10 000 m³ /h
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HOW:

- Facility with according capabilities (H2 & HENG) in Europe
- Calibration of large transfer skids (LSTS) master meters
- Intercomparison to ensure traceability to the Large-Scale Transfer Skid (LSTS)
- Uncertainty budgets of the facilities

WHY:

Primary standard for large flow rates would be expensive



- Task **2.1**: European facilities for testing and calibrating industrial gas meters with pure hydrogen and HENG
 - Mapping of the consortium's primary facilities, working standards and industrial facilities, which can be used by the public
 - Developing and conducting a program for prevalidation testing
 - Assessment of suitability of the facilities for H2 and HENG
 - Analysis of the results

Report on the the pre-validation testing results



- Task **2.2**: Traceability and intercomparison for pure hydrogen and HENG for large industrial meters
 - Calibration of the master meters with H2 and HENG
 - Intercomparison:
 - Pure H2
 - HENG
- Report: Intercomparison of large flow calibration facilities for hydrogen and HENG"



- Task **2.3**: Uncertainty budget and summary report
 - Uncertainty budgets will be developed for
 - each of the test facilities participating in the intercomparison (Task 2.2)
 - validated using the results from the intercomparison
 - and revised if necessary

Report: "Summary report on the testing of the newly developed robust metrological infrastructure for flow rates of 200 m³ /h to 10 000 m³ /h, and pressures of 0.3 MPa(g) to 6.2 MPa(g), for hydrogen and hydrogen enriched natural gas (HENG) in large industrial meters, with a measurement uncertainty of 0.30 % or less""



RESULTS FROM WP2

- Building blocks of metrological infrastructure for H₂
- New traceability for H₂ and HENG using calibrated master meters to be used in the LSTS for large industrial meters
- New traceability for H₂ and HENG using calibrated LSTS for test facilities using H2 and HENG
- Uncertainty assessment and exploitation of validated H₂ flow metering infrastructure



CURRENT STATUS

- Mapping is done
- Start of the design of the program for pre-validation
- Planning of the master meters calibration



CURRENT STATUS

- Mapping is done
- Start of the design of the program for pre-validation
- Planning of the master meters calibration

NEXT (M6 TO M12)

- Pre-validation will start
- Start of the development of uncertainty budgets



ORGANISATION

- Bi-nonthly coordination meetings for WP2
- Regular coordination meetings WP leaders
- Strong inter-dependency with WP3
 - Building LSTS





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EUROPEAN PARTNERSHIP



IP EURAMI

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TIMELINE

-

WP2 meeting: Projekt meeting: 2nd Tuesday of the month

M1, 9, 18, 27 & 36

Milestones:

checking progress at meeting

М	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	<mark>36</mark>								Part	ner						
Activities	Sep 24	October-24	Nov 24	December-24	January-25	February-25	March-25	Apr 25	May-25	June-25	July-25	Aug 25	Sep 25	October-25	Nov 25	December-25	January-26	February-26	March-26	Apr 26	May-26	June-26	July-26	Aug 26	Sep 26	October-26	Nov 26	December-26	January-27	February-27	March-27	Apr 27	May-27	June-27	July-27	Aug 27	Cesame	CMI	FORCE	PTB	SMU	NSL	DNV	EnagasTSO	GERG	GRTgaz	NEL	RMA	TIFERNO	UNIBO	SICK
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Traceability transfer skids for pure hydrogen and HENG 1st Stakeholder Committee – 18th February 2025



TRACEABILITY TRANSFER SKIDS FOR PURE HYDROGEN AND HENG



TRANSER SKIDS AND ARE SOLUTION TO



- Current barriers
 - Today, building primary flow standards is prohibitively expensive
 - Lack of **traceable** calibration facilities to perform flow meter R&D and certification
 - Lack of **accuracy** data
 - End users (gas network and storage operators, energy companies) unable to select **suitable flow meters** for H₂ and HENG
- How to make accessible traceability to NMIs/DIs
 - Develop and validate a new testing method and services of flow calibration with H₂ and alternative fluids
- Help end-users with hydrogen transition
 - New services of calibrations for hydrogen applications (H₂ or alternative fluids)



SSTS & LSTS: PUT IT ALL TOGETHER

- SSTS: small-scale transfer skid
- LSTS: large-scale transfer skid

H₂ & HENG gas transmission network flow traceability



PVTt bench - CESAME

- 1. Secure CFVNs
- Calibrate CFVN @ 20 kg/h (6x) with pVTt
- Primary system, p_{up} = 51 bar(a), ≤0.2 % (k = 2)



- GRTGaz system: p_{up} = 41 bar(a), ~0.2 % (k = 2)



 7. Secure MMs (2x)
 8. FORCE: calibrate G160 MM (2x) on HENG
 9. Replace CFVNs with larger ones
 10. DNM: SAT (commissioning CSTS)

18 bar(a) to

33 bar(a)

۰X

6 x 4.6 mm nozzles

 $\Delta \Delta$

16 bara to 26 bara

- 10. DNV: SAT/commissioning SSTS 11. DNV: calibrate G400 MM (2x) with CFVNs on H_2
- DNV system: p_{up} = 33 bar(a), ~0.2
 % (k = 2)



- 12. Create LSTS 13. "Insert" MMs 14. FORCE/RMA: SAT/commissioning LSTS 15. FORCE/RMA: calibrate G650 (1x)
- Secondary system: p_{max} = 51 bar(a), ≤0.30 % (*k* = 2)

CALIBRATION SERVICES

• Calibration services to hydrogen (blend) gas flow calibration and test facilities

- Targeted SSTS Qmax is at at 720 kg/h (6 large nozzles) corresponding to 7800 m³/h at 0.1 MPa or 270 m³/h at 3.3 MPa
- Targeted LSTS Qmax is at 1000 m³/h with pmax at 6.2 MPa(g)
- Further bootstrapping to 10 000 m³/h or larger at small increase in uncertainty enabled
- Traceability to Cesame's pVTt pure hydrogen primary standard



SSTS, LSTS, AND SOLUTION TO



• Current barriers



Solved*

Today, building primary flow standards is prohibitively expensive

Lack of **traceable** calibration facilities to perform flow meter R&D and certification



Lack of **accuracy** data

End users (gas network and storage operators, energy companies) unable to select **suitable flow meters** for H_2 and HENG

• How to make accessible traceability to NMIs/DIs



Develop and validate a new testing method and services of flow calibration with H_2 and alternative fluids

Help end-users with hydrogen transition



New **services** of calibrations for hydrogen applications $(H_2 \text{ or alternative fluids})$



M6 OF PROJECT – HOW FAR ARE WE?

• SSTS:

- pVTt system ready (from previous project MetHyInfra)
- Design completed: executive P&ID and 3D-model
- Entire components list/bill of materials defined
- Ordering components (nozzles, valves, electrical, piping,...)
- Mechanical: builder identified
- Electrical: scheme defined
- Data acquisition/software: pending
- PED & ATEX: requirements carefully considered in design phase

M6 OF PROJECT – HOW FAR ARE WE?

• LSTS:

- pVTt system ready (from previous project MetHyInfra)
- Preliminary design nearly completed: process flow diagram
- Components identified, including master meters
- Ordering components (master meters and valves)
- Mechanical: builder identified
- Electrical: pending
- Data acquisition/software: pending
- PED & ATEX: requirements carefully considered in design phase



LSTS proposal design (preliminary), with 2 master meters

M6 OF PROJECT – WHAT'S NEXT?

• SSTS:

- Further components ordering
- Mechanical: contracting the building
- Finalize electrical and data acquisition/software (step 3)
- Inserting CFVNs (step 4)
- Commissioning the SSTS (step 10)
- SSTS operationally and metrologically commissioned by the turn of the year 2025/2026

H₂ & HENG gas transmission network flow traceability



- PVTt bench CESA
- 1. Secure CFVNs
- Calibrate CFVN @ 20 kg/h (6x) with pVTt
- Primary system, p_{up} = 51 bar(a), ≤0.2 % (k = 2)

-	
	\square

Create SSTS
 Insert CFVNs
 GRTGaz: calibrate CFVN

 (a) 120 kg/h (6x) on H₂
 GRTGaz: calibrate CFVN
 (a) 120 kg/h (1x) on N₂/NG

 GRTGaz system: p_{up} = 41 bar(a), ~0.2 % (k = 2)



7. Secure MMs (2x)
8. FORCE: calibrate G160 MM (2x) on HENG
9. Replace CFVNs with larger ones
10. DNV: SAT/commissioning SSTS
11. DNV: calibrate G400 MM (2x) with CFVNs on H₂

DNV system: p_{up} = 33 bar(a), ~0.2
 % (k = 2)

M6 OF PROJECT – WHAT'S NEXT?

• LSTS:

- Secure master meters (step 7)
- Create LSTS (step 12)
 - Finalize design: executive P&ID and 3D-model
 - Further components ordering
 - Mechanical: contracting the building
 - Electrical/data acquisition/software
- Installing calibrated MMs (step 13)
- Commissioning the LSTS (step 14)
- LSTS operationally and metrologically commissioned in Q4 2026

H₂ & HENG gas transmission network flow traceability



7. Secure MMs (2x)
8. FORCE: calibrate G160 MM (2x) on HENG
9. Replace CFVNs with larger ones
10. DNV: SAT/commissioning SSTS
11. DNV: calibrate G400 MM (2x) with CFVNs on H₂

- DNV system: p_{up} = 33 bar(a), ~0.2
 % (k = 2)
- 12. Create LSTS 13. "Insert" MMs 14. FORCE/RMA: SAT/commissioning LSTS 15. FORCE/RMA: calibrate G650 (1x)

-M-OOH

 Secondary system: p_{max} = 51 bar(a), ≤0.30 % (*k* = 2)





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Objective 4

To perform (i) primary calibrations of domestic gas meters (ultrasonic, diaphragm, thermal mass) with air and/or methane and with pure hydrogen up to 30 m³/h at atmospheric pressure and (ii) primary and secondary calibrations of industrial gas meters (ultrasonic, rotary, turbine) with air and/or natural gas and hydrogen/natural gas blends at flow rates of up to 1000 m³/h and pressures of up to 6.2 MPa (g).

Based on these results as well as existing data, to deliver statistically meaningful datasets for air, natural gas, or other alternative fluid calibration for the transferability to hydrogen gas flow conditions for domestic and industrial flow meters.

- WP4 addresses the need to develop new knowledge and guidance on:
 - Which flow meter types can measure hydrogen with the required accuracy?
 - Can a calibration with air be used, or do we need hydrogen at real T and P conditions?
- Answering these questions will enable industry end users to make an informed choice on selection of flow meters for their applications, and the most cost-effective choice on calibration methods.

- CEN/TC 234 & CEN/TC 237 provided a STAIR request end of 2022: Aim: To develop conversion methods for the existing measuring instruments used for measurement of natural gas. Comparison of the results with air and hydrogen as a calibration medium.
- WP4 partners have recent experience and knowledge on these topics, but more evidence is needed before we can make recommendations.

RESEARCH AND STANDARDISATION RESPONSE FORM for Standardisation groups



Opportunity for standardisation to contribute to the *European* Partnership on Metrology EPM under Horizon Europe

Objective: to collect standardization needs and suggestions to develop research projects in testing and measurements for the upcoming European Partnership on Metrology* (EMP) calls in 2023

Tasks

- Task 4.1: Background research and definition of a test plan
- Task 4.2: Domestic meter calibrations with hydrogen, HENG and alternative gases
- Task 4.3: Industrial meter calibrations with hydrogen, HENG and alternative fluids
- Task 4.4: Assessment of calibration methods



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Task 4.1: Background research and definition of a test plan

- Review existing studies on calibration methods (incl. alternative fluid calibrations)
- Identification of knowledge gaps: which meter types and gases are already sufficiently understood, which to prioritise

- Task 4.1: Background research and definition of a test plan
- Findings of the background research will inform the WP4 test programmes
- 26 studies and papers collected on hydrogen and HENG calibrations
- Report writing in progress, 1st draft by end of Feb



Flow Measurement and Instrumentation Volume 97, July 2024, 102594

Conformity assessment of domestic and commercial gas meters for usage with hydrogen enriched natural gas and pure hydrogen

Marc MacDonald ° 은 쯔, Dale Anderson °, Rainer Kramer ^b, Matthias Weyhe ^b, Daniel Schumann ^b, Hans-Benjamin Böckler ^b, Marcel Workamp ^c, Menne Schakel ^c



International Journal of Hydrogen Energy Volume 86, 11 October 2024, Pages 343-362



Hydrogen in natural gas grids: prospects and recommendations about gas flow meters

Alessandro Guzzini ° ^A ⊠ , Marco Pellegrini °, Cesare Saccani °, Adrian Dudek ^b, Monika Gajec ^b, Anna Król ^b, Pawel Kulaga ^b, Paola Gislon ^c, Viviana Cigolotti ^c, Matteo Robino ^d, Diana Enescu ^{e f}, Vito Claudio Fernicola °, Denis Smorgon °, Remy Maury ^g, Andrea Gaiardo ^h, Matteo Valt ^h, Dorota Polak ⁱ, Hugo Bissig ^j



Transferability of calibration results obtained with conventional gases for application with hydrogen

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Global Flow Measurement Workshop October 22 - 24, 2024

Technical Paper

Practical experience, Challenges and Solutions at Testing and Calibrating of Hydrogen Ultrasonic Flow Meters

> Aleksandr Andreev, SICK Engineering GmbH Dr. Eric Starke, SICK Engineering GmbH Toralf Dietz, SICK Engineering GmbH Martin Oberländer, SICK Engineering GmbH Moritz Siegfried, SICK AG

Task 4.1: Background research and definition of a test plan

- Review existing studies on calibration methods (incl. alternative fluid calibrations)
- Identification of knowledge gaps: which meter types and gases are already sufficiently understood, which to prioritise
- Preparation of test plans
 - Domestic meters
 - Industrial meters
- The test plans and findings of background research will be presented at the A5.1.13 workshop in M12
- Stakeholders will be asked to provide input e.g. on prioritisation of meter types and gases

A5.1.13 Workshop on state of the art for the calibration of gas flow meters for use with hydrogen

- August 2025
- Part of WP5, but organised by NEL
- Aiming for 30-50 attendees, primarily from meter manufacturers, TSOs, DSOs, standardisation bodies
- Presenting key findings from our background research
- Presenting our planned test programme for domestic and industrial meters
 - Selected meter types, calibration labs and fluids
 - Knowledge gaps addressed and expected outcomes
 - Input requested from attendees on prioritisation, used to finalise plans

Task 4.2: Domestic meter calibrations with hydrogen, HENG, and alternative gases Task 4.3: Industrial meter calibrations with hydrogen, HENG, and alternative fluids

- Source test meters
 - At least 25 domestic gas meters, as required by A4.1.3 test plan
 - At least 15 industrial gas meters as required t by A4.1.4 test plan
- Calibrations with various fluids
 - Hydrogen, natural gas, HENG
 - Air, N₂, helium, water
- Summarised in report and uploaded to project website
- Meter manufacturer and model anonymised

Task 4.4: Assessment of calibration methods

- Analysis of domestic and industrial meter calibration results
 - Estimation of measurement uncertainty
 - Comparison of error curves for each fluid
 - Assessment of multi-fluid calibration models and efficacy of alternative fluid calibrations
- Dissemination of findings to standardisation committees incl. CEN/TC 237, ISO TC 30
- Journal paper on results of domestic and industrial gas meter calibrations
- Good practice guide on flow meter selection, and calibration methods for use with hydrogen and HENG

Feb 2025		Aug 2025	Nov 2025	Aug 2026	May 2027
Review of past research	Test plans Domestic & industrial meters	Present test plans at workshop	Source test meters	Calibrations of domestic & industrial gas meters	Dissemination to standards



H2FL[®]WTRACE

THANK YOU

MARC.MACDONALD@TUVSUD.COM

HTTPS://H2FLOWTRACE.EU/

EUROPEAN PARTNERSHIP



IP EURAM

The project 23IND05 H2FlowTrace has received funding from the European Partnership on Metrology, co-financed from the European Union's Horizon Europe Research and Innovation Programme and by the Participating States.





H2FlowTrace WP5 impact

February 18, 2025 (stakeholder committee meeting)



Stakeholder Committee (SC)



- At least one SC meeting per year (probably online)
- H2FlowTrace consortium wants to understand the needs of stakeholders and obtain feedback that help shape the project (e.g. via questionnaires)
- We want you to be aware of H2FlowTrace activities, so that you can exploit some of the outcomes produced by the project in the near future.
- We open the door to closer collaborations (e.g. meter testing)
- You will receive invitations to additional stakeholder workshops (in-person) and relevant events
- You will receive the project newsletter to learn about project progress



Created with mapchart.net



Communication/Dissemination channels



H2FlowTrace Website

H2FlowTrace LinkedIn

www.h2flowtrace.eu



ABOUT THE PROJECT WORK PACKAGES THE CONSORTIUM NEWS & PUBLICATIONS - CONTAC



Partnership on Metrology, co-financed from the European Partnership on Metrology, co-financed from the European Union's Horizon Europe Research and Innovation Programme and by the Participating States

https://www.linkedin.com/sh owcase/h2flowtrace-project



Flow measurement traceability for hydrogen in gas networks

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Flow measurement traceability for hydrogen in gas networks

About the project

Large-scale decarbonised hydrogen projects are expanding across Europe, nevertheless there is no large-scale verified metrological infrastructure to perform traceable pure hydrogen flow calibrations for gas networks.

H2FlowTrace aims to develop the required metrological infrastructure, which has the potential to reinforce Europe's leading position in the hydrogen economy.

The partners



The objectives

- Establish robust metrological infrastructure for flow rates and pressures applicable to the transmission and distribution gas networks
- Design and test traceability transfer skids for pure hydrogen and hydrogen/natural gas blends
- Perform (i) primary calibrations of domestic gas meters and (ii) primary and secondary calibrations of industrial gas meters
- Demonstrate the establishment of an integrated European metrology infrastructure facilitating the take up of the developed technologies

https://h2flowtrace.eu/news-andpublications/

We invite you to follow regularly as we will upload new content throughout the duration of the project.



Check out our project flyer, publishable summary and other news/publications on our website:





ENERGY GASES

Invitation EMN Energy Gases Workshop

Date: 26th & 27th of March 2025

Location: VSL facilities: Thijsseweg 11, 2629JA Delft, the Netherlands

Organised jointly by: Met4H2, BiometCAP and MetCCUS

Register here: <u>VSL</u>

There will be a poster of H2FlowTrace in the exhibition and H2FlowTrace project representatives for networking.

Public event (registration required) EMN Energy Gases Workshop March 26-27, 2025 Delft, the Netherlands Progress on the metrology

infrastructure to integrate hydrogen, biomethane and carbon dioxide in the european energy system.



GERG



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